# Mastering 5G NSA Mobility (Session3) E2E Call Flows & Troubleshooting

## **Optimization**













#### **Content**

5G NSA ENDC Network Architecture
And Mobility Overview

How to check EN-DC UEs Capability for NSA Handover

5G NSA Mobility Guide

Exploring E2E Call Flow from Traces and Logs

Mobility Related Parameters and Common HO Failures

## **NSA(ENDC) Network Overview**

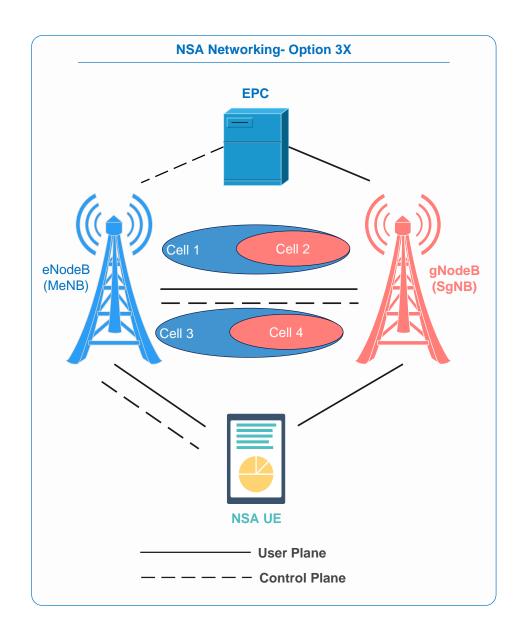


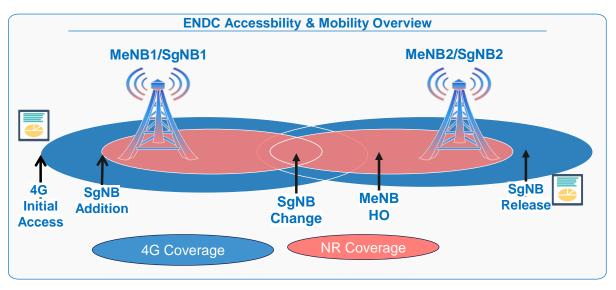












Category	Concept	Node
Base station	MeNB	eNodeB
Dase station	SgNB	gNodeB
Call group	MCG	Cell 1 & 3
Cell group	SCG	Cell 2 & 4
	PCell	Cell 1
Cell	SPCell	Cell 2
	SCell	Cell 3 & 4
	CC	All Cells
Carrier	PCC	Cell 1
Carrier	PSCC	Cell 2
	SCC	Cell 3 & 4

#### **5G Non-Standalone Mobility Overview**

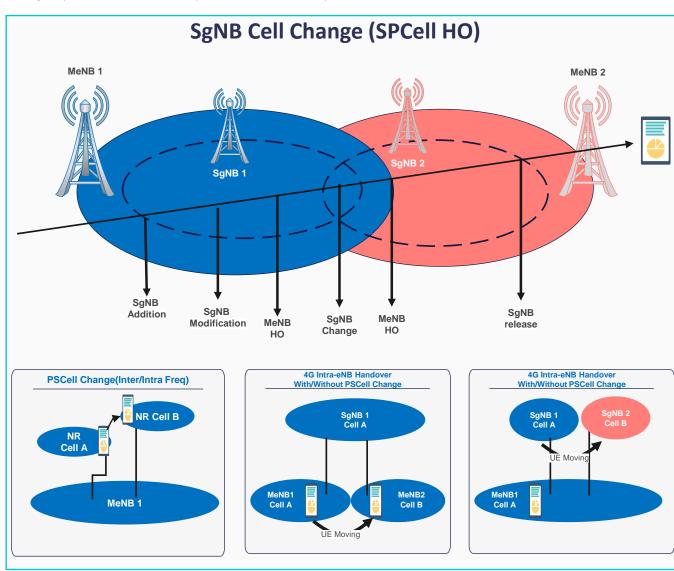




• In 5G NSA, mobility primarily occurs in connected mode, and the following represent the most prevalent mobility scenarios in 5G Non-Standalone:

#### **5G NSA Mobility Scenarios** 1. SgNB-SPCell Cell Change (Intra or InterFreq): • This scenario involves the change of the serving gNB (SgNB) and the primary cell (SPCell), either within the same frequency (IntraFreq) or across different frequencies (InterFreq). 2. SCell Change (Only in Carrier Aggregation Scenarios): • This scenario specifically pertains to changes in secondary cells (SCells), and it is applicable exclusively in Carrier Aggregation scenarios. 3. 5G NSA to SA Redirection or Handovers (Only Applicable in Mixed Networks): • This scenario encompasses redirections or handovers from 5G NSA to 5G SA and is relevant only in mixed networks where both Non-Standalone (NSA) and Standalone (SA) architectures coexist. SgNB/MeNB Initiated **SgNB Carrier Aggregation SCell Cell Change** Change SPCell) A3 or A5 Event A6 Event **NSA to SA**

**Redirection Or Handover** 



#### **EN-DC UEs Capability Check**

**Optimization** 

Technology

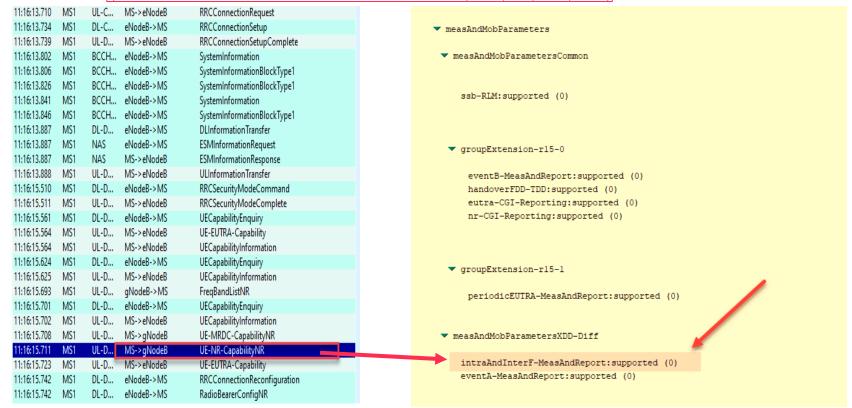






For details, see section 4.2.9	"MeasAndMobParameters'	'in 3GPP 15 38.306.
•		

3GPP TS 38.306 version 17.0.0 Release 17 125 E	ETSI TS 138 306 V17.0.0 (2022-05)			
Definitions for parameters	Per	M	FDD- TDD DIFF	FR1- FR2 DIFF
IntraAndInterF-MeasAndReport Indicates whether the UE supports NR intra-frequency and inter-frequency measurements and at least periodical reporting. This field only applies to SN configured measurement when (NG)EN-DC is configured. For NR SA, MN and SN configured measurement when NR-DC is configured, and MN configured measurement when NR-DC is configured, this feature is mandatory supported.	UE	Yes	Yes	No



### PSCell Change - Inter-SgNB



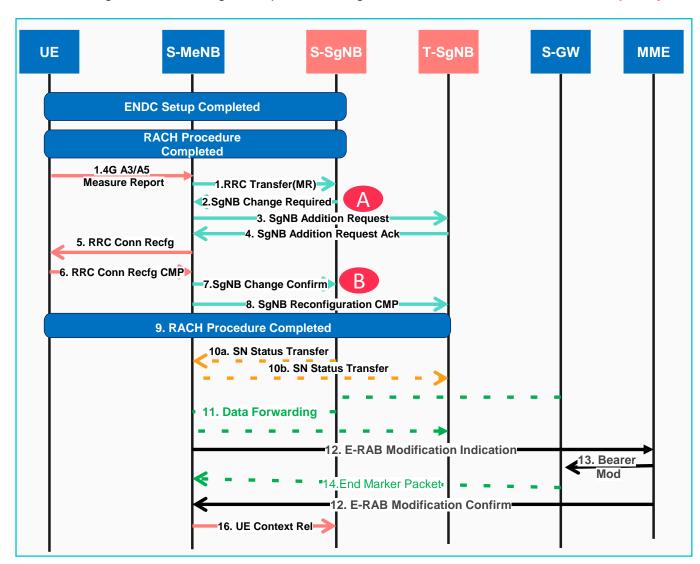


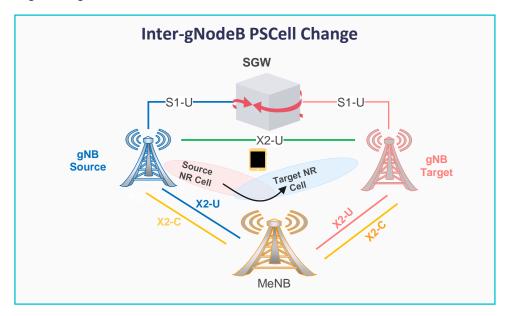




Mohamed Eladaw

If an inter-SgNB PSCell change is required, the target PSCell can be an intra- or inter-frequency cell of a neighboring base station.





- 1.The UE Transfers MR Report, encompassing RSRP, RSRQ, and SINR for both Serving and Target SPCell.

  2.SgNB responded with a requirement for SgNB Change, which included the current SPCell information and candidate cell information. The latter consisted of SSB Frequency, PCI for the new Pscell, and RSRP information.

  3.S-MN initiated an SGNB addition request to T-SgNB. This request included Current SPCellConfig PCI, SSB, NRBand, AbsoluteFreqA, BW, and SCS. Additionally, it might incorporate SCELLTOaDDmODlIST INFO, covering the same information as SPCell. It also included other details like DRX, HO & RLF Timers, reference signal information, and candidate SPCELL Info (PCI).
- 4.T-SgNB responded with an SGNB Add Req Ack, including SPCell and SCELL Info, DRX, timers, etc.
- 5.S-MN forwarded the same information through the RRC Reconfiguration message.
- 6.Subsequently, S-MN sent SGNB Change Confirm to S-SgNB to remove the currently configured context. It then forwarded the confirmation to T-SgNB for the addition.
- 7.The RACH process was initiated.
- 8.SN Status transfer was sent from S-GNB to S-MN, which was then forwarded to T-SGNB. This transfer included two crucial pieces of information regarding PDCP SN & HFN to align the sequence and timing with the target nodes.
- 9. Afterward, the PATH SWITCH was initiated to change the path from SGW to the new Target SgNB.

Chapter 10 "Multi-Connectivity operation related aspects" in 3GPP TS 37.340.

<sup>&</sup>quot;10.3 Secondary Node Modification (MN/SN initiated) "

## **PSCell Change - Intra-SgNB**

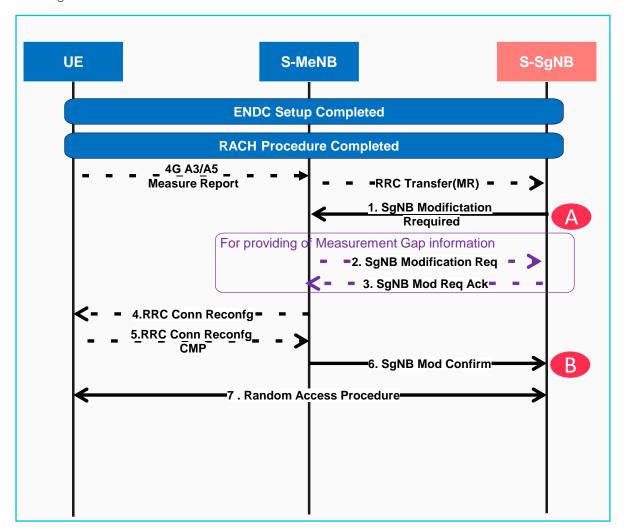


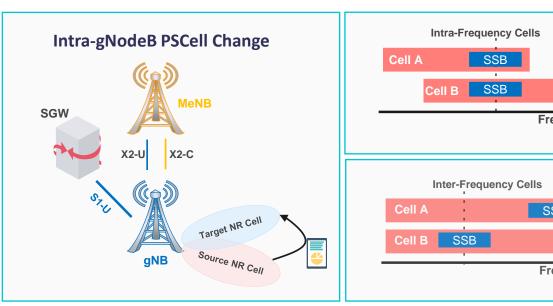
Frequency

SSB

Frequency

- SgNB-initiated SgNB modification is mainly used for NR inter-frequency measurement gap request, intra-NR resource configuration, or intra-SgNB PSCell change.
- After receiving an intra-frequency or inter-frequency measurement report, the SgNB triggers an intra-base-station cell change procedure if the measured cell is served by the current





- 1. The UE Transfers MR Report, encompassing RSRP, RSRQ, and SINR for both Serving and Target SPCell.
- 2.SgNB responded with a requirement for SgNB modification required, which included the current SPCell information and candidate cell information. The latter consisted of SSB Frequency, PCI for the new Pscell, and RSRP information.
- 3.S-MN forwarded the same information through the RRC Reconfiguration message.
- 4. Subsequently, S-MN sent SgNB Modification Confirm to S-SgNB.
- 5. The RACH process was initiated.

#### 4G Inter-eNB Handover with PSCell Change

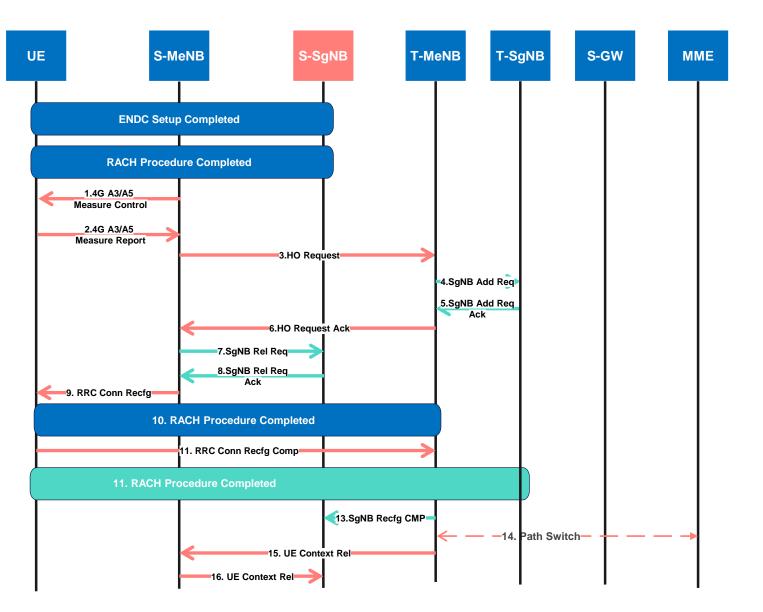


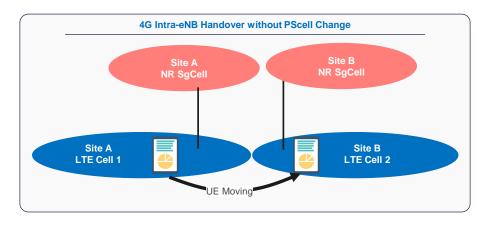












#### 4G Inter-eNB Handover without PSCell Change

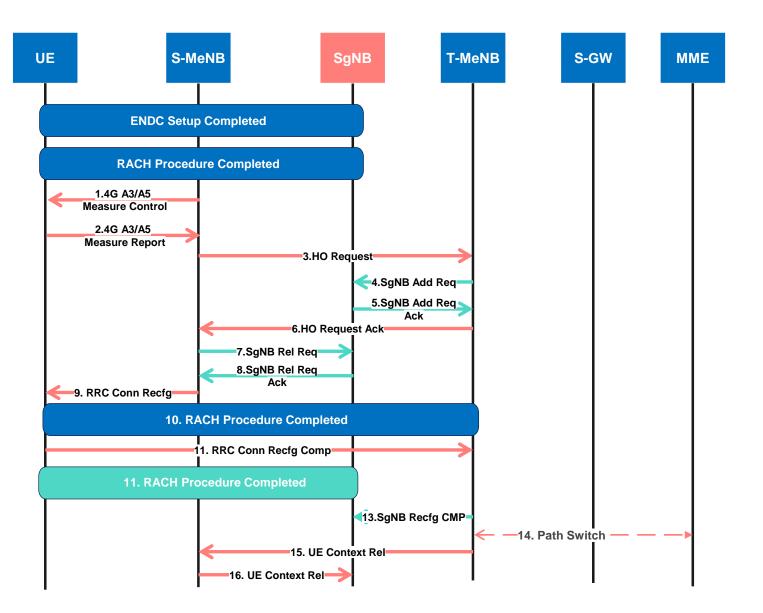


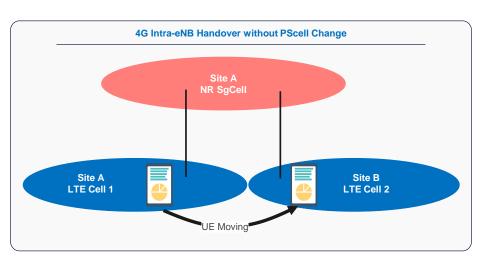






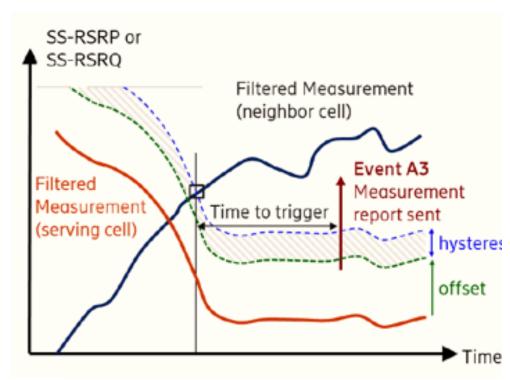






## Mobility Related Parameters

- Ms and Mn: measurement results of the serving cell and a neighboring cell, respectively
- Hys: hysteresis for an event
- TimeToTrig: duration during which a condition is met before the event can be triggered
- Thresh, Thresh1, and Thresh2: thresholds
- Ofs and Ofn: frequency-specific offsets for the serving cell and a neighboring cell, respectively
- Ocs and Ocn: cell individual offset (CIO) for the serving cell and a neighboring cell, respectively
- Off: offset for a measurement result



Ever	t Parameter ID	Description	Entering Condition		
А3	a3-Offset		(Mn + Ofn + Ocn – Hys > Ms + Ofs + Ocs + Off) is true during the time specified by TimeToTrig.		
	hysteresis	The signal quality of a neighboring cell is higher than that of the serving cell by a certain offset.			
	timeToTrigger				
A2	Hys		(Ms + Hys < Thresh) is true during the time specified by TimeToTrig.		
	Thresh	The signal quality of the serving cell is below a specific threshold.			
A5	Hys		(Ms + Hys < Thresh1) and (Mn + Ofn + Ocn – Hys > Thresh2) are true during the time specified by TimeToTrig.		
	Thresh1	The signal quality of the serving cell is below threshold 1 and the signal quality of a			
	Thresh2	neighboring cell exceeds threshold 2.			
	TimeToTrig				



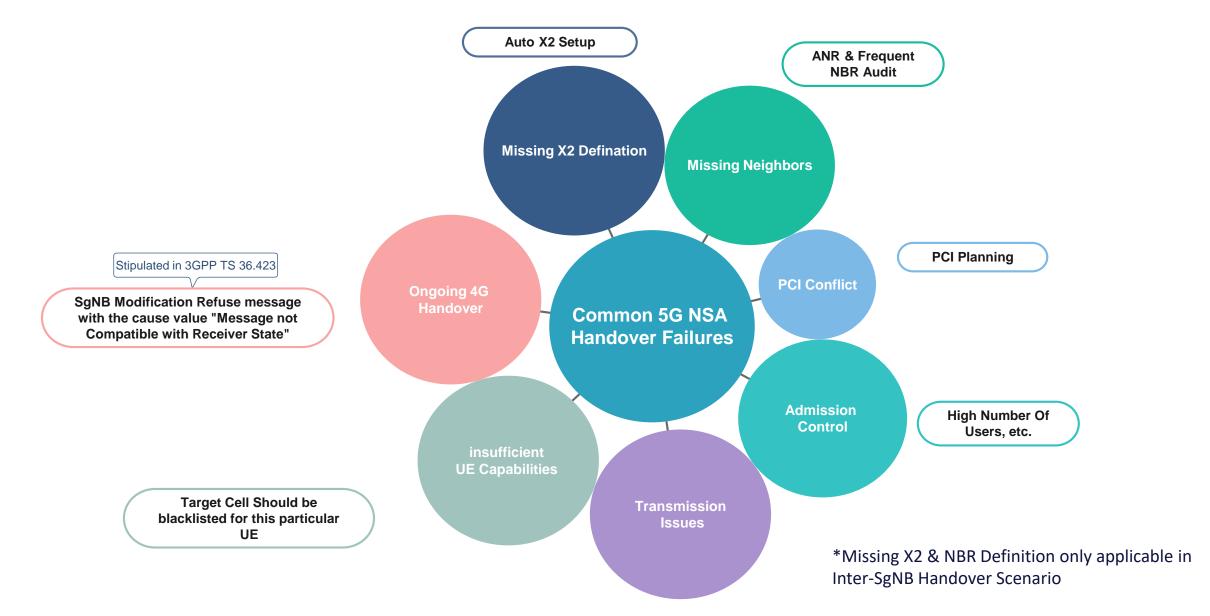


#### 5G NSA Mobility Common Handover Issues









#### **SN Status Transfer**











Monamed Eladaw

#### 9.1.1.4 SN STATUS TRANSFER

This message is sent by the source NG-RAN node to the target NG-RAN node to transfer the uplink/downlink PDCP SN and HFN status during a handover or for dual connectivity.

Direction:

source NG-RAN node → target NG-RAN node(handover),

NG-RAN node from which the DRB context is transferred 

NG-RAN node to which the DRB context

is transferred (RRC connection re-establishment or dual connectivity).

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description	Criticality	Assigned Criticality
Message Type	М		9.2.3.1		YES	ignore
Source NG-RAN node UE XnAP ID	М		NG-RAN node UE XnAP ID 9.2.3.16	Allocated for handover at the source NG-RAN node and for dual connectivity at the NG- RAN node from which the DRB context is transferred.	YES	reject
Target NG-RAN node UE XnAP ID	М		NG-RAN node UE XnAP ID 9.2.3.16	Allocated for handover at the target NG-RAN node and for dual connectivity at the NG- RAN node to which the DRB context is transferred.	YES	reject
DRBs Subject To Status Transfer List	М		9.2.1.14		YES	ignore